LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDREDTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 138

Introduced By: Flood, 19;

Read first time: January 8, 2007

Committee: Judiciary

A BILL

1	FOR	AN	ACT relating to sex offenders; to amend section 28-912,
2			Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 28-929,
3			28-930, 28-931, 28-931.01, 28-932, and 29-4013, Revised
4			Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006; to prohibit escape
5			from a treatment facility and assault on an officer by a
6			committed sex offender; to change provisions relating to the
7			release of information under the Sex Offender Registration
8			Act; to provide penalties; and to repeal the original
9			sections.

10 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 28-912, Reissue Revised Statutes of

Nebraska, is amended to read:

unlawfully removes himself or herself from official detention or fails to return to official detention following temporary leave granted for a specific purpose or limited period. Official detention shall mean means (a) arrest, detention in or transportation to any facility for custody of persons under charge or conviction of crime or contempt or for persons alleged or found to be delinquent, detention for extradition or deportation, or any other detention for law enforcement purposes or (b) detention in or transportation to any treatment facility, as that term is defined in section 71-1203, at which the person is receiving or is to receive inpatient treatment pursuant to the Sex Offender Commitment Act. Official; but official detention does not include supervision of probation or parole or constraint incidental to release on bail.

- (2) A public servant concerned in detention commits an offense if he <u>or she</u> knowingly permits an escape. Any person who knowingly causes or facilitates an escape commits a Class IV felony.
 - (3) Irregularity in bringing about or maintaining detention, or lack of jurisdiction of the committing or detaining authority shall not be is not a defense to prosecution under this section if the escape is from a prison or other custodial facility or from detention pursuant to commitment by official proceedings. In the case of other detentions, irregularity or lack of jurisdiction shall be is a defense only if
- 27 (a) The escape involved no substantial risk of harm to the

- 1 person or property of anyone other than the detainee; and
- 2 (b) The detaining authority did not act in good faith under
- 3 color of law.
- 4 (4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section,
- 5 escape is a Class IV felony.
- 6 (5) Escape is a Class III felony where:
- 7 (a) The detainee was under arrest for or detained on a
- 8 felony charge or following conviction for the commission of an
- 9 offense; or
- 10 (b) The detainee was officially detained for treatment as a
- 11 <u>dangerous sex offender under the Sex Offender Commitment Act;</u>
- or other dangerous instrumentality to effect the escape; or
- 14 (c) (d) A public servant concerned in detention of
- 15 persons convicted of crime purposely facilitates or permits an escape
- 16 from a detention facility or from transportation thereto.
- 17 Sec. 2. Section 28-929, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 18 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 19 28-929. (1) A person commits the offense of assault on an
- 20 officer in the first degree if he or she intentionally or knowingly
- causes serious bodily injury to a peace officer, a probation officer,
- 22 <u>an employee of a public or private treatment facility, as that term</u>
- 23 <u>is defined in section 71-1203</u>, or an employee of the Department of
- 24 Correctional Services, while such officer or employee is engaged in
- 25 the performance of his or her official duties.
- 26 (2) Assault on an officer in the first degree shall be <u>is</u>
- 27 a Class II felony

Sec. 3. Section 28-930, Revised Statutes Cumulative

- 2 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 3 28-930. (1) A person commits the offense of assault on an
- 4 officer in the second degree if he or she:
- 5 (a) Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury with a
- 6 dangerous instrument to a peace officer, a probation officer, an
- 7 employee of a public or private treatment facility, as that term is
- 8 <u>defined in section 71-1203</u>, or an employee of the Department of
- 9 Correctional Services, while such officer or employee is engaged in
- 10 the performance of his or her official duties; or
- 11 (b) Recklessly causes bodily injury with a dangerous
- 12 instrument to a peace officer, a probation officer, or an employee of
- 13 the Department of Correctional Services while such officer or employee
- 14 is engaged in the performance of his or her official duties.
- 15 (2) Assault on an officer in the second degree shall be
- 16 <u>is</u> a Class III felony
- 17 Sec. 4. Section 28-931, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 18 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 19 28-931. (1) A person commits the offense of assault on an
- 20 officer in the third degree if he or she intentionally, knowingly, or
- 21 recklessly causes bodily injury to a peace officer, a probation
- officer, an employee of a public or private treatment facility, as
- 23 that term is defined in section 71-1203, or an employee of the
- 24 Department of Correctional Services, while such officer or employee
- 25 is engaged in the performance of his or her official duties.
- 26 (2) Assault on an officer in the third degree $\frac{1}{2}$
- 27 a Class IIIA felony

Sec. 5. Section 28-931.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

- 28-931.01. (1) A person commits the offense of assault on an officer using a motor vehicle if he or she intentionally and knowingly causes bodily injury to a peace officer, a probation officer, an employee of a public or private treatment facility, as that term is defined in section 71-1203, or an employee of the Department of Correctional Services (a) by using a motor vehicle to run over or to strike such officer or employee or (b) by using a motor vehicle to collide with such officer's or employee's motor vehicle, while such officer or employee is engaged in the performance of his or her duties.
- 13 (2) Assault on an officer using a motor vehicle shall be
 14 <u>is</u> a Class IIIA felony
- Sec. 6. Section 28-932, Revised Statutes Cumulative

 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
 - 28-932. (1) Any person who is legally confined in a jail, or correctional, or penal institution or a treatment facility, as that term is defined in section 71-1203, pursuant to the Sex Offender Commitment Act, and intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes bodily injury to another person shall be is guilty of a Class IIIA felony, except that if a deadly or dangerous weapon is used to commit such assault he or she shall be is guilty of a Class III felony.
 - (2) Sentences imposed under subsection (1) of this section shall be are consecutive to any sentence or sentences imposed for violations committed prior to the violation of subsection (1) of this

1 section and shall do not include any credit for time spent in

- 2 custody prior to sentencing unless the time in custody is solely
- 3 related to the offense for which the sentence is being imposed under
- 4 this section.
- 5 Sec. 7. Section 29-4013, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 6 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 7 29-4013. (1) The Nebraska State Patrol shall adopt and
- 8 promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the registration
- 9 provisions of the Sex Offender Registration Act.
- 10 (2)(a) The Nebraska State Patrol shall adopt and promulgate
- 11 rules and regulations for the release of information pursuant to
- 12 section 29-4009.
- 13 (b) The rules and regulations adopted by the Nebraska State
- 14 Patrol shall identify and incorporate factors relevant to the sex
- 15 offender's risk of recidivism. Factors relevant to the risk of
- 16 recidivism include, but are not limited to:
- 17 (i) Conditions of release that minimize the risk of
- 18 recidivism, including probation, parole, counseling, therapy, or
- 19 treatment;
- 20 (ii) Physical conditions that minimize the risk of
- 21 recidivism, including advanced age or debilitating illness; and
- 22 (iii) Any criminal history of the sex offender indicative of
- 23 a high risk of recidivism, including:
- 24 (A) Whether the conduct of the sex offender was found to be
- characterized by repetitive and compulsive behavior;
- 26 (B) Whether the sex offender committed the sexual offense
- 27 against a child;

1 (C) Whether the sexual offense involved the use of a weapon,
2 violence, or infliction of serious bodily injury;

- 3 (D) The number, date, and nature of prior offenses;
- 4 (E) Whether psychological or psychiatric profiles indicate a risk of recidivism;
- 6 (F) The sex offender's response to treatment;
- 7 (G) Any recent threats by the sex offender against a person 8 or expressions of intent to commit additional crimes; and
- 9 (H) Behavior of the sex offender while confined.
- 10 (c) The procedures for release of information established by
 11 the Nebraska State Patrol shall provide for three levels of
 12 notification by the law enforcement agency in whose jurisdiction the
 13 sex offender is to be released depending on the risk of recidivism by
 14 the sex offender as follows:
- 15 (i) If the risk of recidivism is low, other law enforcement 16 agencies shall be notified;
- (ii) If the risk of recidivism is moderate, in addition to
 the notice required by subdivision (i) of this subdivision, schools,
 day care centers, health care facilities providing services to
 children or vulnerable adults, neighbors of the sex offender who live
 within one-tenth mile from the residence of the sex offender, and
 religious and youth organizations shall be notified; and

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(iii) If the risk of recidivism is high, in addition to the notice required by subdivisions (i) and (ii) of this subdivision, the public shall be notified through means designed to reach members of the public, which are limited to direct contact, news releases, a method utilizing a telephone system, or the Internet. The Nebraska

State Patrol shall provide notice of sex offenders with a high risk of recidivism to at least one legal newspaper published in and of general circulation in the county where the offender is registered or, if none is published in the county, in a legal newspaper of general circulation in such county. If any means of notification proposes a fee for usage, then nonprofit organizations holding a certificate of exemption under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be charged.

- (d) The Nebraska State Patrol shall establish procedures for the evaluation of the risk of recidivism and implementation of community notification that promote the uniform application of the notification rules and regulations required by this section.
- (e) The Nebraska State Patrol or a designee shall assign a notification level, based upon the risk of recidivism, to all persons required to register under the act.
- offender registration and community notification division of the Nebraska State Patrol shall have access to all documents that are generated by any governmental agency that may have bearing on sex offender risk assessment and community notification pursuant to this section. This may include, but is not limited to, law enforcement reports, presentence reports, criminal histories, or birth certificates. The division shall not be charged for access to documents under this subdivision. Access to such documents will ensure that a fair risk assessment is completed using the totality of all information available. For purposes of this subdivision, mental health professional means (i) a practicing physician licensed to practice

medicine in this state under the provisions of section 71-102, (ii) a practicing psychologist licensed to engage in the practice of psychology in this state as provided in section 71-1,206.14, or (iii) a practicing mental health professional licensed or certified in this state as provided in section 71-1,333.

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(3) Nothing in subsection (2) of this section shall be construed to prevent law enforcement officers from providing community notification concerning any person who poses a danger under circumstances that are not provided for in the act.

Sec. 8. Original section 28-912, Reissue Revised Statutes of

Nebraska, and sections 28-929, 28-930, 28-931, 28-931.01, 28-932, and

29-4013, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, are repealed.